

Family of Two-Dimensional Correcting Codes on a Basis of Perfect Binary Array

P. E. Baranov, M. I. Mazurkov, V. Ya. Chechelnytskyi, and A. A. Yakovenko

Odessa National Polytechnic University, Odessa, Ukraine

Received in final form February 3, 2009

Abstract—We consider a family of two-dimensional correcting $E(N)$ -codes on a basis of perfect binary arrays $H(N)$, and we show correcting possibilities of $E(N)$ -codes in comparison with corresponding BCH-codes with maximal length are essentially better with regard to correction of package (correlated) errors, at that, uncorrelated errors are corrected identically.

DOI: 10.3103/S0735272709090088

Perfect binary arrays (PBA) are described in many papers and they are used in many fields of application [1–7]. Main purpose of the paper is research of correction possibilities of two-dimension cyclic codes on a basis of PBA.

Let $H_0(N) = \{h_{i,j}\}$, $i = \overline{1, N}$, $j = \overline{1, N}$, $h_{i,j} \in \{-1, +1\}$ is N th order PBA, where $N = 2^k$ or $N = 3 \times 2^k$. We represent two-dimension periodic auto-correlation function (TPACF) of this array in matrix form:

$$R(m, n) = \sum_{i=0}^{N-1} \sum_{j=0}^{N-1} h_{i,j} h_{i+m, j+n} = \text{tr}[H_0 \cdot (L_m H_0 Q_n)^T] = \begin{cases} N^2, & m = n = 0, \\ 0, & \text{other } m \text{ and } n, \end{cases} \quad (1)$$

where L_m and Q_n are array cyclic shifts operators, correspondingly, by rows (down) and columns (to the left) on a value $m = 0, N-1, n = 0, N-1$, $\text{tr}(A)$ is matrix A trace.

For example, one of arrays, which is a part of total class of PBA [6], represented in sign form $\{\pm\} \Rightarrow \{\pm\}$, and its TPACF are following:

$$H_0(6) = \begin{bmatrix} +++++- \\ +-++-+ \\ -+-+-- \\ +--+ ++ \\ -+-+-- \\ -+++-+ \end{bmatrix}, \quad \|R(m, n)\| = \begin{bmatrix} 36 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}. \quad (2)$$

Two-dimension $E(N)$ -code is built on a basis of randomly selected (reference) array $H_0(N)$ by means of all cyclic shifts on rows and (or) columns. As it follows from the definition, volume of $E(N)$ -code is $J = N^2$. We consider structural and correlation properties of two-dimensional and correspondent one-dimension code words of $E(N)$ -code.

We unroll sequentially by rows each array of $E(N)$ -code, then we obtain one-dimension orthogonal non-cyclic $h(J)$ -code of J order, which has a property of two-loop cyclic N -shift [8]. Hence, $h(J)$ -codes can be efficiently decoded by means of fast Vilenkin–Krestenson transformation, calculating N -convolutions or dyadic convolutions (correlations) [8].

In this paper main attention is paid to decoding of two-dimension $E(N)$ -codes on a basis of accounting of two-dimension periodic cross-correlation functions (TPCCF) arrays of $E(N)$ -codes. We note that TPCCF of