ANALYSIS AND SYNTHESIS OF DISCRIMINATORS OF SHIFT OF IMAGE'S DYNAMIC FRAGMENTS IN THE SPATIAL AND SPECTRAL DOMAIN

Yu. S. Radchenko and Ye. V. Ovchinnikov

Voronezh State University, Russia

The algorithms for estimating the vector of shift of dynamic image's fragments are synthesized in the form of discriminators of two types. The first-type ones perform processing of signals in the spatial domain. Others use decomposition of a signal into a spectrum in the basis of orthogonal polynomials. With the aid of analytical methods and of statistical simulation, characteristics of the estimation algorithms are determined depending on signal-to-noise ratio, true value of the shift parameter, and the number of modes to be processed.

The contemporary telecommunication systems are oriented to transmission of multimedia information, whose essential part represents various static and dynamic video images. Without effective compression of such signals the digital transmission of data over communication channels is hardly possible. Particularly, the use of inter-frame correlation of dynamic images makes it possible to eliminate efficiently the information redundancy of video sequences, when we employ prediction of image fragments' motion. The existing algorithms of assessment of the shift vector are based on optimization procedures, which minimize some metric of discrepancy between fragments of the reference and analyzed frames [1, 2].

At processing in the space of images, realization of such procedures usually demands large computational expenditures. The latter can be diminished by some or other technique. For example, when calculating the extremums of metrics, application of the discriminative algorithms may give a certain effect [3]. Also, the amount of computation can be reduced if passing from the space of images to the generalized spectral space in the basis of orthogonal polynomials. In the general case, the coefficients of expansion into such basis are invariant to signal's shift [4]. The purpose of this work is synthesis of discrimination algorithms for determination of shifts in the space of images and in spectral space, and calculation of their characteristics.

Algorithms of estimation. Assume that a two-dimensional field $s(\vec{r}, t), \vec{r} = (x, y)$ is set, representing a fragment of a spatial signal at a moment *t* in a domain Ω_0 (the macro-block of the reference frame). At the moment $t + \Delta t$, in the subdomain $\Omega \in \Omega_0$, we observe a field (the frame to be analyzed)

$$\xi(\vec{r}, t + \Delta t) = s(\vec{r} - \vec{\tau}_0, t) + \eta(\vec{r}), \tag{1}$$

which is a mixture of the legitimate signal $s(\vec{r} - \vec{\tau}_0)$ shifted by an unknown vector $\vec{\tau}_0 = (\tau_{0x}, \tau_{0y})$, and a fluctuating interference $\eta(\vec{r})$. The interference has to be taken into account since it cannot be eliminated from optic-electron transformation of signals and their transmission over communication channels. The use of statistical approach also permits to avoid ambiguities in synthesis of algorithms for signal parameters' estimation. When processing field (1), we must consider variation of shape of the signal $s(\vec{r})$ in the subdomain $\Omega \in \Omega_0$, when the signal is displaced within the domain Ω_0 . In what follows the discrete time variable *t* is not used and may be omitted.

© 2007 by Allerton Press, Inc.

Authorization to photocopy individual items for internal or personal use, or the internal or personal use of specific clients, is granted by Allerton Press, Inc. for libraries and other users registered with the Copyright Clearance Center (CCC) Transactional Reporting Service, provided that the base fee of \$50.00 per copy is paid directly to CCC, 222 Rosewood Drive, Danvers, MA 01923.

Radioelectronics and Communications Systems Vol. 49, No. 9, 2006

REFERENCES

1. Ya. Richardson, Video-Coding: H.264 and MPEG-4 — Standards of New Generation [Russian translation], Tekhnosfera, Moscow, 2005.

2. W. Pratt, Digital Processing of Images [Russian translation], in two volumes, Mir, Moscow, 1982, Vol. 1.

3. Ye. I. Kulikov and A. P. Trifonov, Estimation of Signal Parameters against Interference Background [in Russian], Sov. Radio, Moscow, 1978.

4. Yu. S. Radchenko, Avtometriya, No. 4, pp. 32–40, 2002.

5. V. M. Verzhbitskii, Foundations of Numerical Methods — a Textbook for Higher School [in Russian], Vysshaya Shkola, Moscow, 2002.

6. S. Pashkovsky, Numerical Applications of Chebyshev Polynomials and Series [Russian translation], Nauka, Moscow, 1983.

7 June 2006