

## CHARACTERISTICS OF DETECTION OF A RADIO SIGNAL OF UNKNOWN DURATION IN THE PRESENCE OF MULTIPLE INTERFERENCE WITH UNKNOWN PARAMETERS

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**The paper describes the structure and characteristics of new maximum-probable algorithms for detection of radio signals in the presence of multiplicative and additive interference with different rates of a priori indeterminacy.**

Detection of signals with unknown duration mixed with intrinsic noise of reception devices has been considered in [1, 2]. However, the present-day radio-engineering systems work, as a rule, under the conditions of simultaneous operation of a great number of radio aids. The latter may represent active stations with radio interference operators, taking part in the radioelectronic struggle [3], and other radio equipment, whose signals can be described by some equivalent random process [4]. Apart from such additive interference, we must also consider the multiplicative interference [5] — when we use information transmission channels with random parameters. The multiplicative interference, interacting with a legitimate radio signal, usually transforms it into a narrow-band random process. The purpose of this work is synthesis and analysis of algorithms for detection of radio signals with unknown duration in the presence of a number of interference components of additive and multiplicative nature.

For the model of legitimate signal, distorted by a multiplicative interference, we shall use a segment of a narrow-band stationary centered random process  $\xi(t)$ :

$$s(t, \tau_0) = \xi(t)I[(t - \tau_0) / \tau_0]$$

where  $I(x) = 1$  at  $|x| < 1/2$  and  $I(x) = 0$  at  $|x| > 1/2$ .

Duration of the signal  $\tau_0$  is a priori unknown and may take values from the interval  $[T_1; T_2]$ . Here  $0 < T_1 < T_2 \leq T$ , where  $T$  is the time of observation. Such situation may occur in communication systems with pulse-width modulation, in the event of intensive fading of signal in some radio channels, etc. Assume also that the power spectrum of the process  $\xi(t)$  is approximated by the expression [6, 7]

$$G_\xi(\omega) = \gamma_0 \{I[(v_s - \omega) / \Omega_s] + I[(v_s + \omega) / \Omega_s]\} / 2$$

where  $v_s$  and  $\Omega_s$  are the central frequency and bandwidth of the process  $\xi(t)$ , while  $\gamma_0$  is a priori unknown value of the signal power spectrum, which depends on the average power of the multiplicative interference.

For the additive interference we shall consider the intrinsic noise  $n(t)$  of the receiver, and the external wide-band interference  $N(t)$ . By  $n(t)$  is meant the white Gaussian noise with one-sided spectral density  $N_0$ . With the aid of the external wide-band interference  $N(t)$  we shall describe the totality of all interfering signals from outer sources. In conformity with [4], this interference can be approximated by a centered Gaussian stationary random process with the band-pass power spectrum  $G_N(\omega) = \Gamma_0 \{I[(v_N - \omega) / \Omega_N] + I[(v_N + \omega) / \Omega_N]\} / 2$ , whose pass-band  $\Omega_N > \Omega_s$ , and the central frequency

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